April XX, 2016

ALL-COUNTY LETTER NO.: XXXXXX

TO: ALL COUNTY WELFARE DIRECTORS
    ALL COUNTY IHSS PROGRAM MANAGERS

SUBJECT: MODIFICATIONS TO THE CASE MANAGEMENT, INFORMATION AND PAYROLLING SYSTEM (CMIPS) TO IMPLEMENT AND MANAGE WORKWEEK LIMITATIONS AND TRAVEL TIME VIOLATION DISPUTES AND THE STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW PROCESS FOR IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES (IHSS) AND WAIVER PERSONAL CARE SERVICES (WPCS)

REFERENCE: SENATE BILLS 855 AND 873 (CHAPTERS 29 AND 685, STATUTES OF 2014); ACL 16-01 (January 7, 2016); ACL 16-07 (January 21, 2016); ACL 16-22 (April 1, 2016); Newest Policy ACL

This All-County Letter (ACL) provides counties with information and instructions for implementing the provisions of Senate Bill (SB) 855 and SB 873 that establish limits on the number of authorized hours providers in the In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) and Waiver Personal Care Services (WPCS) programs are permitted to work in a workweek and travel time. In addition, it provides information and instructions for implementing the dispute process for workweek and travel time violations, the State Administrative Review (SAR) process and describes the modifications made to the Case Management, Information and Payrolling System (CMIPS) to support the county and State functions needed to implement these processes which will include the following:

- The New Workweek and Travel Time Violations Dispute Policy
- The New Workweek and Travel Time Violations CMIPS Modifications including New and Modified Screens for Managing Violation Disputes
- The New State Administrative Review (SAR) Process for Third and Fourth Violations
BACKGROUND

On January 7, 2016, the California Department of Social Services (CDSS) issued ACL 16-01 which provided instructions regarding the payment of overtime and travel time compensation to IHSS and WPCS providers beginning February 1, 2016. The ACL specified workweek and travel time limitations, provided information regarding the ability for IHSS recipients to adjust their hours with and without county approval, and described the violations that IHSS providers will incur if they do not follow the new program rules. While workweek and travel time limitations were implemented on February 1, 2016, counties are not required to take any formal action on violations for workweek and travel time until May 1, 2016. In the interim, counties have been receiving a data download that includes a listing of providers who have been identified as violating the rules related to workweek and travel time limitations and were instructed to assist and provide guidance to those providers that have been submitting errors on their timesheets. Beginning May 1, 2016, system functionality will be turned on to formally enforce the violations process for providers who submit timesheets reporting work hours that exceed the workweek and travel time limitations that could result in an IHSS provider’s program eligibility being suspended or ineligible for up to one year.

Modifications have been made to CMIPS to assist counties and CDSS with the management of overtime and travel time payments, disputes and violations. Although this functionality is available to both IHSS and WPCS users, the violation dispute processes described in this ACL apply to providers who provide IHSS services only. Due to workload and time constraints, violations will be suppressed on WPCS cases until further notice which means providers who provide only WPCS services or provide both IHSS and WPCS will not receive a violation on a timesheet claiming hours for WPCS services in excess of the workweek or travel time limitations.

COUNTY DISPUTE PROCESS

Effective May 1, 2016, each time a violation is triggered by a timesheet that exceeds the workweek and/or travel limitations, a task is generated to the County Overtime Violation queue. County staff have the opportunity to conduct a prior review of all violations before they are issued and can rescind a violation at that time if it is determined that the additional hours worked met the criteria for an exception. If the county takes no action or determines that the violation did not meet the criteria for an exception, the violation will be incurred and CMIPS will generate violation notices. The violation notices will be printed from the CMIPS printer to be mailed by the county, which includes information on how a provider can dispute the violation with their county.

A provider has ten calendar days from the date of the notice to submit a County Dispute request to request county review of the violation. If the provider does not submit a County Dispute request within ten calendar days, the violation remains in effect. If the provider submits a County Dispute request, the county has ten business days to review
and investigate the circumstances that led to the violation and inform the provider in writing of the outcome of their review. Providers who file a County Dispute or SAR will remain eligible to provide services until a final resolution is made on their County Dispute or SAR request.

The County Dispute process described in this ACL applies to all four violations. Due to the compressed timeframe for implementation, some notices will not be available in CMIPS on May 1, 2016. A temporary manual process must be used by the counties to generate correspondence to IHSS recipients and providers in some instances. To assist counties with this manual process, Data Sheets (see Attachment A) will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate forms to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the forms. County staff must obtain the appropriate form from the CDSS website and fill it in using the information included on the Data Sheet. CDSS continues to work with the CMIPS vendor to implement the remaining forms and will communicate via a forthcoming ACL when they are available in CMIPS for county use.

During the County Dispute process, the county will determine if the information provided on the dispute request form meets the criteria to override the violation or if the violation should be upheld. A county cannot override a violation unless they receive sufficient information to show that the circumstances leading to the provider exceeding their workweek agreement met all of the exception criteria described in ACL 16-01 below:

1) The additional hours must have been necessary to meet an unanticipated need; and
2) The additional hours must have been related to an immediate need that could not be postponed until the arrival of a back-up provider as designated on the “In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Program Individual Emergency Back-Up Plan” (SOC 827) form; and
3) The additional hours must have been related to a need that would have had a direct impact on the IHSS recipient and would have been needed to ensure his/her health and/or safety.

As part of the county review process it is critical that the county enter as much detailed information as possible into CMIPS on the "Notes" link on the Provider Person Home screen. Comments must include answers to all of the questions that the provider answered on their dispute form. Information obtained by the counties during the dispute process will be used at a later date if the provider submits a SAR if they incur a third or fourth violation. Failure to provide information from the county dispute form may result in the delay of the processing of the SAR. The SAR process is described later in this ACL.
First Violation

As communicated in ACL XXXX, effective May 1, 2016, when a violation is set to “Active” in CMIPS for the first or second violation, the system will generate, on the county CMIPS printer to be mailed by county staff, the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider of First/Second Violation for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2257) to the provider, and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient of Provider’s First/Second Violation for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2257A) to the recipient. When mailing the SOC 2257 to the provider, county staff must also include an “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider of Right to Dispute Violation for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2272) (see Attachment B). The SOC 2272 will not be available in CMIPS on the May 1, 2016 implementation date. In the interim, counties must obtain copies of the SOC 2272 from the CDSS website.

Once the violation has been incurred and the provider receives the SOC 2257, they must return a completed SOC 2272 to the county within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the SOC 2257 to request a county review. The county must enter the “County Dispute Filed Date” (see Figure 3) in CMIPS within ten (10) business days from the date on the SOC 2257 and the date listed in the “County Review Letter Date” field. If the county does not enter this date within the ten business day period, the system will not allow entry of the “County Dispute Filed Date”. If the “County Dispute Filed Date” is not entered within the 10 business day period, the violation will remain in effect. Once a SOC 2272 is received, counties are required to enter the date it was received by the county, the “County Dispute Filed Date”, in CMIPS and complete a review within ten business days of the receipt of the form to determine whether the violation should be upheld or overridden.

Once the county has determined whether the dispute should be upheld or overridden, the outcome must be entered into CMIPS and the county must also notify the provider and the recipient(s) of the outcome. If the county determines that the violation is valid and should be upheld, the county must enter the dispute outcome as ‘Upheld’ in CMIPS and the dispute determination is complete. When a dispute is upheld in CMIPS II, a trigger will be set to print a data sheet to the county printer on the next business day. If the county determines the information provided on the SOC 2272 meets the exception criteria, county staff should enter the outcome as ‘Overridden’ in CMIPS. If a county worker chooses to override a violation, a task will be automatically triggered to the Supervisor Overtime Violation Work Queue. The county supervisor shall review the dispute ‘override’ and determine if the violation meets the criteria to uphold or override the violation. Once the final decision is entered in CMIPS by the county supervisor, a Data Sheet will be printed the next day and the county must use the information to obtain the appropriate form from the CDSS website and manually populate it. Detailed screens and descriptions of CMIPS functionality are available in a later section of this ACL.
If the violation is upheld, as part of the county review process, the county must send the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider Upholding First or Second Violation” (SOC 2280) to the provider and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient Upholding Provider’s First or Second Violation” (SOC 2281) to the impacted recipient(s). If the county chooses to override after completing their review, the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider Rescinding Violation” (SOC 2263) must be sent to the provider and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient Rescinding Provider Violation” (SOC 2264) must be sent to the impacted recipient(s). The SOC 2280, SOC 2281, SOC 2263 and SOC 2264 must be manually downloaded from the CDSS website until they are available in CMIPS.

During the county dispute review process, the decision made by the county is a final decision. A SAR Request is not available for a first violation.

**Second Violation**

The County Dispute process for the second violation is the same as the process for the first violation. However, if a provider incurs a second violation, the provider has the one-time option to review instructional materials within fourteen (14) calendar days after receiving the violation notice (SOC 2257) to remove it. It is important to note that the provider also has the option to file a request for county review prior to reviewing the training materials and sign a self-certification form stating that he/she understands and agrees to the workweek agreement and travel time limitations and return it to the county. If the provider files a “County Dispute”, the fourteen (14) day timeframe for the provider to review materials and submit the self-certification form will be suspended until the outcome of the county review has been entered into CMIPS.

If a provider submits an SOC 2272 and the county enters the outcome of the violation as ‘Override,’ CMIPS will automatically set the violation status to “Inactive” and there is no need for the provider to review the instructional materials and submit a self-certification form to the county. If the county enters the outcome for the violation as ‘Upheld,’ the fourteen (14) day period for the provider to review instructional materials and submit the self-certification form to the county will be reset to start from the date listed on the SOC 2280.

During the county dispute review process, the decision made by the county is a final decision. A SAR Request is not available for a second violation.

**Third Violation**

The County Dispute process for the third violation is the same as the process for the first and second violations. If a third violation is incurred, CMIPS will print a Data Sheet for counties to use to manually populate and mail the “In-Home Supportive Services
Program Notice to Provider of Third Violation and Three-Month Suspension for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2258) to the provider and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient of Providers of Third Overtime Violation for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC2258A) to the recipient(s). The county must also include an SOC 2272 with the SOC 2258 sent to the provider.

When the county enters an outcome of ‘Override’ for a third violation, CMIPS will print a data sheet to the county printer on the next business day for counties to utilize to manually populate and mail the SOC 2263 to the provider and the SOC 2264 to the recipient.

When a provider requests a county review of a third violation and the county enters the outcome as 'Upheld' in CMIPS, the system will print a Data Sheet the following business day, available on the CMIPS printer, for counties to use to manually populate the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider Upholding Third Violation and 90-Day Suspension of Eligibility” (SOC 2282) to be mailed to the provider. When a third violation is upheld by the county, the provider has the right to request a SAR. County staff must include the “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request of Third or Fourth Violation for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2273) with the SOC 2282 to be mailed to the provider. The SOC 2273 must be manually printed from the CDSS website until the form is available in CMIPS. County staff will also be required to manually complete and mail the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient Upholding Provider’s Third Violation and 90-Day Suspension” (SOC 2283) to the impacted recipient(s).

Fourth Violation

The County Dispute process is the same for the fourth violation as the first, second and third violation. If a provider receives a fourth violation CMIPS will print a Data Sheet for counties to use to manually populate and mail the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider of Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility) for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2259) to the provider and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient of Providers Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility) for Exceeding Workweek and/or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2259A) to the recipient. As with all violations, the county is required to include an SOC 2272 with the 2259 sent to the provider.

When the county enters an outcome of ‘Override’ for a fourth violation, CMIPS will print a data sheet to the county printer on the next business day for counties to utilize to manually populate and mail the SOC 2263 to the provider and the SOC 2264 to the recipient.
If the county receives a request for county review for a fourth violation and the county updates the outcome of the violation to 'Upheld,' CMIPS will print a Data Sheet on the following business day, available on the CMIPS printer, for counties to use to manually complete the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Provider Upholding Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility)” (SOC 2284) to the provider and the “In-Home Supportive Services Program Notice to Recipient Upholding Provider’s Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility)” (SOC 2285) to the recipient. When a fourth violation is upheld by the county, the provider has the right to request a SAR.

The county will be required to obtain the SOC 2273 from the CDSS website and mail it to the provider with the SOC 2284.

When the county enters an outcome of ‘Override’ for a fourth violation, CMIPS will print a data sheet to the county printer on the next business day for counties to utilize to manually populate and mail the SOC 2263 to the provider and the SOC 2264 to the recipient.

**STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW (SAR) REQUEST PROCESS**

To request a SAR the provider must complete an SOC 2273 and return it to CDSS within ten (10) calendar days from the date of the SOC 2282 or SOC 2284 informing the provider that their third or fourth violation was upheld. CDSS will have fifteen (15) business days to review all SAR requests. CDSS will rely heavily on the information obtained by the counties during the dispute process; therefore it is critical that the county enter as much detailed information as possible into CMIPS on the “Notes” link on the Provider Person Home screen during the dispute process. Comments must include answers to all of the questions that the provider answered on their dispute form. Failure to provide information from the county dispute form may result in the delay of the processing of the SAR. CDSS will update the violation status in CMIPS upon determination of the SAR outcome and send a “Decision Letter” to notify the provider and recipient of the SAR outcome. County CMIPS users will be able to view the outcome of the SAR, when the decision was made, and the date the SAR letter was sent to the provider and their associated recipient(s) on the State Administrative Review Screen (see Figure 8).

If CDSS overrides the violation, the provider will receive:

- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Provider Rescinding Third Violation or Fourth Violation For Exceeding Workweek And/Or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2288)
The impacted recipient will also be notified of CDSS’ decision to override the violation via the following letter:

- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Recipient Rescinding Provider’s Third or Fourth Violation For Exceeding Workweek And/Or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2289)

If CDSS upholds a third or fourth violation the provider will receive one of the following forms depending which violation, third or fourth, is being reviewed:

- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Provider Upholding Third Violation (90-Day Suspension of Eligibility) For Exceeding Workweek And/Or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2286)
- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Provider Upholding Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility” (SOC 2290)

The impacted recipient will also be notified of CDSS’ decision to uphold the violation via one of the following forms:

- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Recipient Upholding Provider’s Third Violation (90-Day Suspension of Eligibility) For Exceeding Workweek And/Or Travel Time Limits” (SOC 2287)
- “In-Home Supportive Services Program State Administrative Review Request Response Letter To Recipient Upholding Fourth Violation (One-Year Period of Ineligibility” (SOC 2291)

CDSS is in the process of developing a telephonic intake process for SAR requests that would be available to a limited population who meet specific literacy criteria. Additional information on the criteria and process will be communicated in a forthcoming ACL.

**CMIPS MODIFICATIONS**

**View Overtime Violations Screen**

The County Review process is managed in CMIPS utilizing the “County Dispute” section on the View Overtime Violation screen (see Figure 1). Once the SOC 2272 is received by the county from the provider requesting a county review, the county has a total of ten (10) business days to complete the “County Dispute” process and enter the outcome in
CMIPS. This 10 day period includes the time for the county worker to make their decision as well as the time necessary for the Supervisor to complete their review if the county worker's decision is to “Override” the violation.

The View Overtime Violation screen can be accessed by selecting the Overtime Violations link in the Providers folder on the Person Home Screen for a provider.

Modify County Dispute Screen

The county user must select the County Dispute link (see Figure 2) from the County Dispute cluster of the View Overtime Violation screen to enter a new or modify an existing County Dispute.

Figure 1 – View Overtime Violations Screen

Figure 2 – County Dispute Link From View Overtime Violations Screen
Once the County Dispute link is selected the *Modify County Dispute* screen will open (see Figure 3). The county or WPCS user uses this screen to enter the “County Dispute Filed Date” when an SOC 2272 is received. It is important to note that a provider only has ten (10) calendar days from the “County Review Letter Date” to dispute the violation; however, the county has ten (10) business days from the “County Review Letter Date” to enter the date into CMIPS. CMIPS will not allow a date entry which is more than ten (10) business days from the “County Review Letter Date” in the “County Review” section of the *View Overtime Violation* screen.

![Modify County Dispute Screen](image)

**Figure 3: Modify County Dispute Screen**

When the “County Dispute Filed Date” is entered, a task is triggered to the County Overtime Violation work queue. This queue will alert county users that a dispute has been filed. County Review staff will need to determine if the violation should be “Upheld” (remain active) or if there is justification to “Override” (change to inactive) the violation.

If the County Dispute Outcome is to “Override” the violation and the Supervisor Review Outcome is “Approved” of the overridden violation, the Violation Status will be updated to “Inactive”. If the county does not complete the dispute review within 10 business days, the system will automatically assign a status of “Active” to the violation. The “Active” status will indicate that the violation was “Upheld” and the data sheets will be generated by CMIPS
to assist counties to manually complete the appropriate forms to be mailed to the provider and all of his/her recipients to notify them that their provider’s violation has been “Upheld”.

A Supervisor review will only be required if the county worker is “Overriding” the violation. If the county Supervisor does not complete their dispute review in the allotted time, the system will automatically assign a status of “Inactive” to the violation and the data sheets will be generated by CMIPS to assist the counties to manually complete the SOC 2263 and SOC 2264 to be mailed to the provider and all of his/her recipients to notify them that their provider’s violation has been rescinded.

In addition to the “County Dispute Filed Date,” this screen also contains the following fields:

- County Dispute Outcome: County user will select from a drop down menu for the outcome of the County/IHO dispute. The options are as follows:
  1. Pending Review – The dispute is pending review by a county user
  2. Override - The violation decision should be overridden and should not stand
  3. Upheld – The violation decision stands

In a case where a provider disputes a violation, the user must select the reason the provider submitted the dispute. At least one must be selected:
- Unanticipated Need
- Immediate Need
- Health and Safety Issue

- County Dispute Outcome Reason: County user will select from a checkbox the reason for the decision of the county dispute outcome. The options are as follows:
  1. Override: Unanticipated Need, an Immediate Need, and/or Health and Safety Issues
  2. Upheld: Need Not Unanticipated – The violation should be upheld as it was determined that the recipient’s need was anticipated
  3. Upheld: Need Not Immediate – The violation should be upheld as it was determined the need could be postponed for the arrival of a back-up provider as designated on the “In-Home Supportive Services (IHSS) Program individual Emergency Back-Up Plan” (SOC 827) form.
  4. Upheld: No Health or Safety Issue – The violation should be upheld as there was no direct impact to the recipient’s health and/or safety.

- County Dispute Outcome Date: The date the County Dispute Outcome decision occurred.
- Comments: This field will record the user comments and will allow up to 1000 characters. This is a required field.
The Modify County Review screen contains the following system generated fields relevant to the County Reviewer:

- Dispute Entered Date: The date when the County Dispute Filed Date was keyed
- County Dispute User Name: The name of the user who sets the County Dispute Outcome.
- County Dispute Outcome Entered Date:

Note: If the user does not complete the review in the allotted timeframe, the system will automatically assign a status of “Active” to the violation, indicating that the violation is now “Upheld” and correspondence will be issued to the provider and his/her recipient(s) with the following status for the provider: Eligible, Presumptive Eligible, or Leave to notify them that the provider’s violation has been upheld.

County Dispute History Screen

When the “History” link (see Figure 4) is selected from the “County Dispute Manage” section of the View Overtime Violations screen, the County Dispute History screen (see Figure 5) will display.

![Figure 4: History Link From View Overtime Violations Screen](image)

This screen will allow the user an at-a-glance review of the County dispute history of violations and display a record of current and prior disputes. The fields associated with the County Dispute History Screen details all the fields entered in the Modify County Dispute screen and the Modify County Supervisor Dispute screen. The County Dispute History screen will not display the comments entered by the user and the Supervisor. This screen will record the “Last Updated Date” which will record the date of the change in the history record.
When the “Comments” link is selected from the “Manage Section” associated with “County Dispute” on the View Overtime Violations screen the View County Dispute Comments screen (see Figure 6) displays.

The “View County Dispute Comments” section will display two (2) fields:
- County Dispute Comments - the last comment entered by the County Review User.
- Dispute Supervisor Comments - the last comments entered by the County Review Supervisor.
Modify Dispute Supervisor Screen

If the County Dispute Outcome status is “Upheld”, the violation will be upheld and no further action is required. If the County Dispute Outcome is “Override”, a task will be sent to the Supervisor Overtime Violation Work Queue. The Supervisor will need to review the county/IHO user decision from the pop-up Modify Dispute Supervisor screen. This is accessible by selecting the ‘Dispute Supervisor Link’ in the ‘County Dispute’ cluster on the View Overtime Violations screen (see Figure 7).

This screen contains the following user-generated fields:

- Supervisor Dispute Outcome: Supervisor will select from a drop down menu for the outcome of the Supervisory Review. This is a required field. The options are as follows:
  1. Supervisor Review – The dispute decision is being reviewed by the supervisor
  2. Pending Approval – Supervisor agrees with the county user that the dispute decision is correct and the violation should be overridden. The violation status will be updated to “Inactive” and the appropriate correspondence will be issued to the provider and all of his/her associated recipients that the provider’s violation has been rescinded.
  3. Pending Rejected – Supervisor does not agree with the county user to override the violation. Therefore, the Violation Status remains “Active” and
the appropriate correspondence will be issued to the provider and all of his/her associated recipients that the provider’s violation will stand.

- **Supervisor Outcome Date:** The date the Supervisor Dispute Outcome was decided.
- **Comments:** This field will record the user comments and will allow up to 1000 characters. This is a required field.

### State Administrative Review

When the third or fourth violation has gone through the county dispute process and the violation status remains ‘Active,’ the provider can request an SAR from CDSS. When the ‘State Review’ link is selected from the *View Overtime Violations* screen the Modify State Review pop-up screen will display. County CMIPS users will be able to view the outcome of the SAR, when the decision was made, and the date the SAR letter was sent to the provider and their associated recipient(s) (see Figure 8).

![State Administrative Review Screen](image)

*Figure 8: State Administrative Review Screen*
State Administrative Review History Screen

CMIPS has also been modified with the State Administrative Review History screen (see Figure 9) which will allow all users to view the status and outcome of a SAR along with the information on the when the review outcome was last updated and by whom.

![State Review History:](image)

Figure 9: State Administrative Review History Screen

State Administrative Review Comments Screen

When the “Comment link” is selected from the “Manage” section associated with SAR the State Administrative Review Comments screen (see Figure 10) will display. CMIPS users will be able to view the comments by CDSS on the outcome of a SAR.

![View State Review Comments:](image)

Figure 10: State Administrative Review Comments Screen

If you have questions or comments regarding this ACIN, please contact the Adult Programs Division CMIPS and Systems Operations Unit at (916) 551-1003 or via e-mail at: CMIPSII-Requests@dss.ca.gov.
Sincerely,

EILEEN CARROLL  
Deputy Director  
Adult Programs Division  

Attachments  

c: CWDA
ATTACHMENT A

NEW FORMS FOR USE IN IMPLEMENTING SENATE BILL
(SB) 855 AND SB 873

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Intended Purpose</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Provider Rescinding Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Recipient of Rescinding Provider Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Recipient of Provider Upholding First or Second Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Provider Upholding First or Second Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Provider Training Complete – Removing Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NA</td>
<td>Administrative Use – Notice to Recipient Provider Training Completed – Removing Violation</td>
<td>Will be produced by CMIPS to identify the appropriate form to be used by county staff and provide pertinent provider and recipient demographic data needed to populate the form.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ATTACHMENT B

NEW FORMS FOR USE IN IMPLEMENTING SENATE BILL
(SB) 855 AND SB 873

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2272</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO PROVIDER OF RIGHT TO DISPUTE VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2273</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST OF THIRD OR FOURTH VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2280</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO PROVIDER UPHOLDING FIRST OR SECOND VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2281</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO RECIPIENT UPHOLDING PROVIDER'S FIRST OR SECOND VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2282</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO PROVIDER UPHOLDING THIRD VIOLATION (90-DAY SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY) FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2283</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO RECIPIENT UPHOLDING PROVIDER'S THIRD VIOLATION (90-DAY SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY) FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2284</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO PROVIDER UPHOLDING FOURTH VIOLATION (ONE-YEAR PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2285</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM NOTICE TO RECIPIENT UPHOLDING PROVIDER'S FOURTH VIOLATION (ONE-YEAR PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2286</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO PROVIDER UPHOLDING THIRD VIOLATION (90-DAY SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY) FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
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ATTACHMENT B

NEW FORMS FOR USE IN IMPLEMENTING SENATE BILL
(SB) 855 AND SB 873

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number</th>
<th>Title</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SOC 2287</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO RECIPIENT UPHOLDING PROVIDER’S THIRD VIOLATION (90-DAY SUSPENSION OF ELIGIBILITY) FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOC 2288</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO PROVIDER RESCINDING THIRD VIOLATION OR FOURTH VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOC 2289</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO RECIPIENT RESCINDING PROVIDER’S THIRD OR FOURTH VIOLATION FOR EXCEEDING WORKWEEK AND/OR TRAVEL TIME LIMITS</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOC 2290</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO PROVIDER UPHOLDING FOURTH VIOLATION (ONE-YEAR PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY)</td>
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<tr>
<td>SOC 2291</td>
<td>IN-HOME SUPPORTIVE SERVICES PROGRAM STATE ADMINISTRATIVE REVIEW REQUEST RESPONSE LETTER TO RECIPIENT UPHOLDING FOURTH VIOLATION (ONE-YEAR PERIOD OF INELIGIBILITY)</td>
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